

Investor Presentation

January 16, 2018

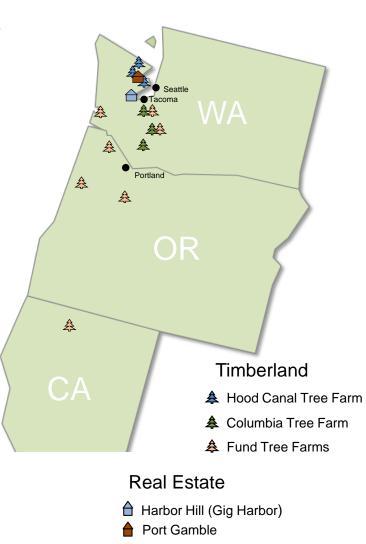
Safe Harbor Statement

This presentation contains forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements are subject to a number of risks and should not be relied upon as predictions of future events or promises of a given course of action. Some of the forward-looking statements include statements about our future distribution yield and the related effects of federal tax law, our sustainable harvest levels, our future private equity fund activities, our estimates for future remediation costs and environmental liabilities at Port Gamble, transportation and other factors that affect our real estate values, and our expectations for completing real estate sales. A number of important factors could cause actual results to differ materially from those described in the forward-looking statements. Some of these factors include environmental issues affecting our properties and our ability to anticipate the actions of regulators, environmental groups, and other parties that might affect our remediation efforts; changes in forestry, land use, environmental, and other governmental regulations; risk of loss from insect infestations or tree diseases; changes in economic conditions and competition in our domestic and export markets; and other factors described from time to time in our filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission. In particular, readers should consider those risk factors that are detailed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2016 and our Form 10-Q filed for the period ended September 30, 2017. Forward-looking statements are not guarantees of performance, and speak only as of the date made, and neither Pope Resources nor its management undertakes any obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statements.



Investment Rationale

- Pure play Pacific Northwest (PNW) timber company
 - Highest value North American timberland
 - Log export access provides market diversification
- Units offer opportunity to own real assets that generate attractive 4% distribution yield (currently at \$2.80 annual rate)
- Master Limited Partnership (MLP) structure generates favorable after-tax returns





Pope Resources: Unique Blend of PNW Timber and Land Assets

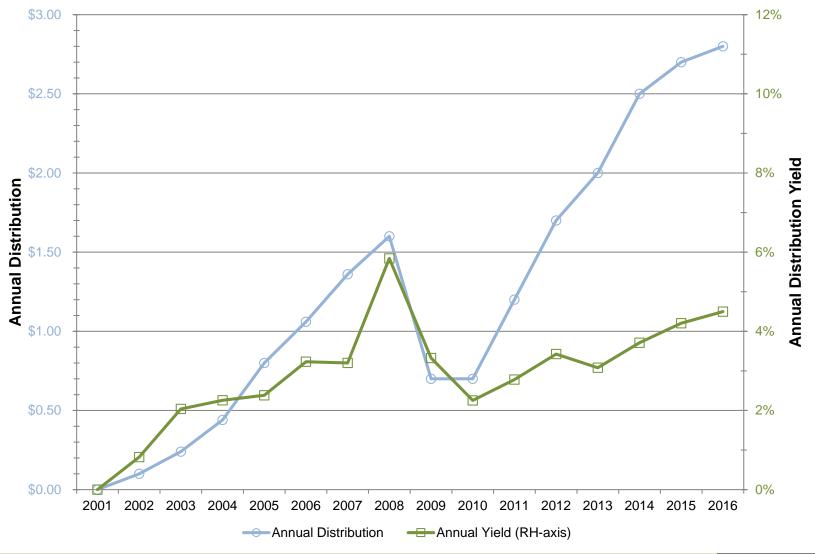
Segments	Fee Timber	Timberland Investment Management	Real Estate
Strategy	 Sustainably manage Partnership and Fund timberlands in PNW Maximize long-term value Acquire small tracts to replace RE sales and optimize portfolio 	 Leverage expertise to generate fee revenue and improve economies of scale Co-invest in funds to grow and diversify Partnership's timberland holdings in region 	 Realize value of asset portfolio while minimizing capital risk to Partnership Monetize conservation values on Partnership timberlands as appropriate
Portfolio (at 9/30/17)	120,000 acres in Partnership88,000 acres owned by Funds	 3 private equity timber funds \$357 MM under management \$388 MM of committed capital 	 2,200 acres of development, highest and best use (HBU) & commercial properties in West Puget Sound, which includes over 1,200 entitled lots Total book value \$38.6 MM
2016 Revenue (internal)	\$57.5 MM	\$3.3 MM [#]	\$23.4 MM
2016 Adjusted EBITDDA* (internal)	\$25.6 MM	\$0.4 MM	\$4.7 MM



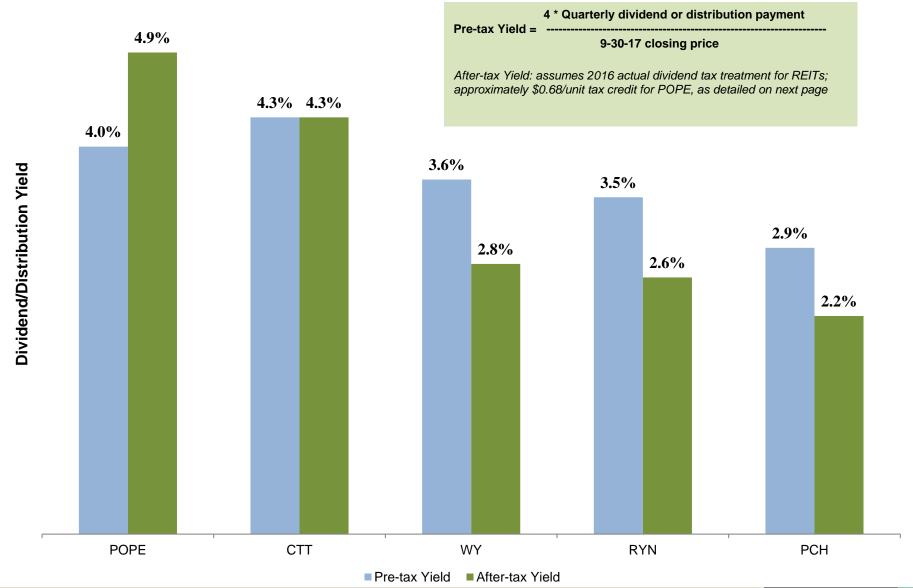
[#] Revenue eliminated in consolidated earnings

^{*} See Appendix A for definition reconciliation of non-GAAP Adjusted EBITDDA

Unit Distributions Have Increased Since the Global Financial Crisis (GFC)



Attractive After-Tax Yields



MLP Structure: Favorable Tax Treatment

- Taxable income and losses pass through MLP at different tax rates to holders of POPE units
- Sale of timber is treated as capital gain, taxed at lower capital gains tax rate
- Remainder of business activity generally results in an ordinary loss, taxed at marginal ordinary income rate, generating a tax benefit
- A REIT does not enjoy segregation of the capital gain and ordinary loss

		Tax Impact t		Proforma Tax	•	
		of POP	Tax (Cost)/	Top	Tax (Cost)/	MLP Tax Savings
			` "	·	`	
Pope Resources K-1 (per unit) ¹	2016 Tax Year	Tax Rate	Benefit	Tax Rate	Benefit ³	Versus a REIT
Ordinary loss	(\$5.07)	39.6%	\$2.01			
Capital gain-timber	4.28	23.8%	(1.02)			
Capital gain-land	0.01	23.8%	(0.00)			
Interest income	-	39.6%				
Total	(\$0.78)		\$0.99			
Suspended loss ²	\$0.78	39.6%	(0.31)			
Total	\$0.00		\$0.68	23.8%	\$0.00	\$0.68

¹ Income components provided above are at an aggregate level. Each unitholder's allocation of income will be different depending on the date and price at which POPE units were purchased.



² Unitholders can only take losses up to the sum of gains in current year. Suspended losses may carry over to future years.

³ A dividend paid by a REIT during a year when a loss was incurred is treated as non-taxable return of capital.





Fee Timber Strategy and Market Dynamics

Strategies

- Actively manage for long-term value maximization 120,000 acres of Partnership timberland with a sustainable harvest of 52 million board feet (MMBF)
- Maximize total return on 88,000 acres of Fund timberland
- Employ value-adding silvicultural practices
- Opportunistically acquire small tracts to replace land that has been sold as development property and optimize portfolio

Log Market Dynamics

- PNW log markets enjoy access to competitive domestic and export markets
- Domestic market continues measured improvement
 - Stronger domestic log demand with growing U.S. housing starts
 - New Sierra Pacific mill in Shelton, WA adding pressure to log prices
- Export market diversification was key to log market recovery during the GFC
 - Export market remains important source of demand
 - Canadian timber supply is contracting due to Mountain Pine Beetle infestation



Export Sales Provide Market Diversification





Unique Attributes of Timber Asset Class

Biological growth

- Continues throughout the business cycle
- Accurately projecting forest growth over an entire rotation is prerequisite to successful timberland investing
- Level of timberland management activity will be one of the factors that must be considered when projecting forest growth

Timber optionality

- Ability to allow timber to continue growing on-the-stump past the planned rotation age during soft log markets distinguishes timber from other inventoried commodity products
- Growth will help pay the cost of capital during the deferral period by increasing both the volume and the quality of timber at harvest (more sawlogs, less chip-n-saw and pulp)



Small Tracts and Carbon River

Small tracts acquisition program launched in 2014

- Goal is to grow Partnership's timberland footprint through offsetting HBU sales of past years
- To date, 5,880 acres have been acquired for \$20.3 MM in 16 separate transactions; \$3,449/acre

July 2016 acquisition of Carbon River tree farm

- 7,324 acres for \$31.9 MM; 100% debt-financed
- 2.79% average <u>net</u> interest rate
- 8% increase in annual sustainable harvest volume to 52 MMBF
- Merchantable timber makes transaction immediately cash accretive







Private Equity (PE) Timber Business

Source of cash flow

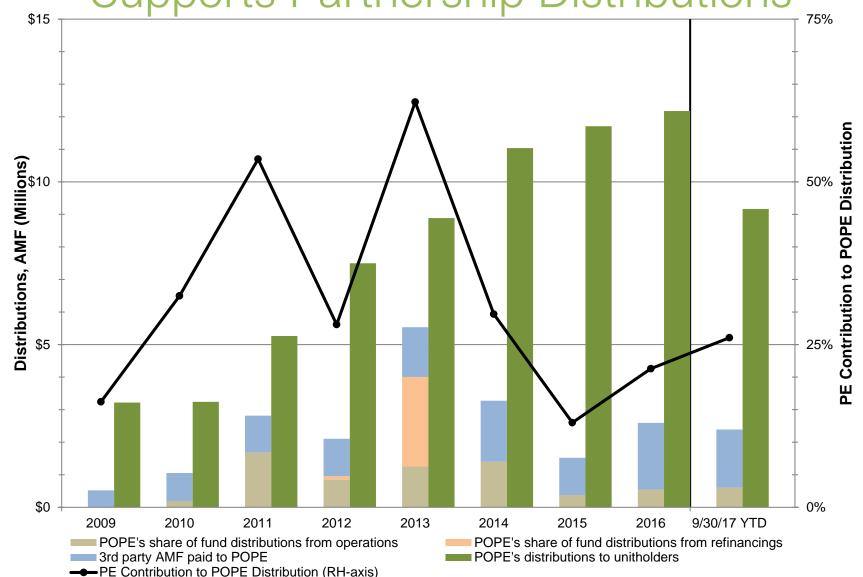
- Fund II & III current portfolios generate \$2.1 MM of annual asset management fee (AMF) revenue on \$357.0 MM of AUM; \$1.9 MM of AMF from third-party investors, \$0.2 MM from Partnership
- These fees, combined with distributions from co-investments in funds, represent a meaningful source of POPE's distributable cash

Economies of scale

- Co-investment by POPE in the funds enhances diversification of the Partnership's timberland holdings within the PNW
- Increased acres and harvest volume provide additional scale in log markets
- Active participation in timberland markets throughout the business cycle improves management understanding of timberland values
- Enables the Partnership to attract better talent to the management team



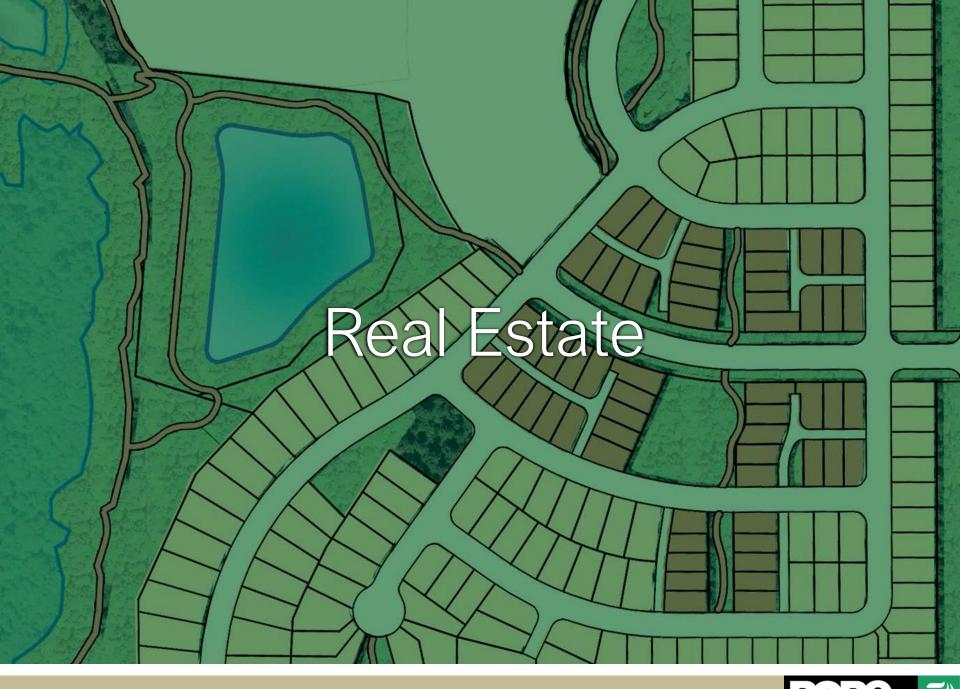
PE Timber Business Supports Partnership Distributions



ORM Timber Fund IV

- Committed capital of \$388 MM versus \$180 MM in Fund III
 - Includes Pope Resources' commitment of \$58 MM
 - Drawdown period of 36 to 60 months
 - PNW target region includes Washington, Oregon, Idaho, Montana, and the mixed-conifer region of northern California
- Fund term of 15 years versus 10 years in prior funds
- Timberland investment dynamics today appear to be shifting toward buyer
 - Apparent increase in investor discipline around capital committed to the asset class
 - Bottoming out of discount rates
 - Investments made prior to the GFC are coming on the market





Land Development Expertise

Our Focus

- Enhancing value through entitling and developing 2,200-acre land and development portfolio for sale to residential or commercial builders
 - Urban infill and master plan communities
 - Conservation land and easement sales: \$25.8 MM in net proceeds from 2013-16
 - Rural land sales (5 40-acre parcels) for primary and secondary home market

Underlying Fundamentals

- Seattle has been and will continue to be one of the nation's leading job and housing markets
- Portland is experiencing similar growth that will lead to an increase in rural and recreational properties for our southwest Washington holdings
- Asian investment is on the rise, further depleting traditional housing supply
- Washington and Oregon both have strict growth laws and strong environmental lobbies that have created a shortage of buildable lots



Land Development Expertise

Our Execution

- We are: A "big fish in a small pond" in our real estate markets
- We create: A healthy political environment that promotes acceptance and approval through "grass roots" organizing (bottom-up political structure)
- Target Results
 - We gain approval for relatively large projects in a growth-constrained environment
 - Low incidence of appeals and trips to court
 - Strong reputation leads to more opportunity



Gig Harbor Project

Residential

- Sold 93 single-family lots in 2017 for \$13.9 MM
- Expect to sell remaining 65 lots in 2018

Business Park

 Sold 11-acre park to City of Gig Harbor in 2017 for \$3.5 MM

Commercial

 Working with grocer anchor and retail developer for 18-acre retail village site (possible sale in 2018)

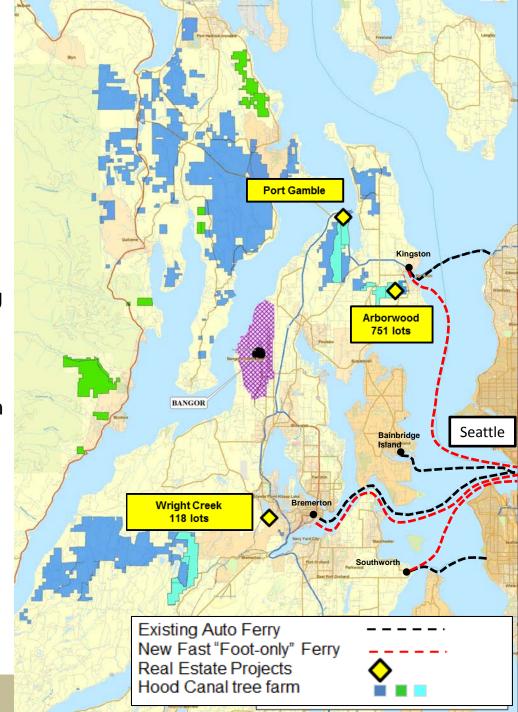




New Ferry Connections

- 2016 ballot initiative creates three new 30minute commuter runs
- Bremerton route is running; Kingston expected to start in 2018; Southworth in 2020
- Significant impact to three projects, putting over 800 lots within a 30-minute ferry ride from downtown Seattle
- Increases development potential of Partnership timberland holdings in western Puget Sound





Port Gamble

Redevelopment

- Kitsap County Public Utilities District obtained state grant and extended 3-mile water main in 2015
- Completed new wastewater treatment plant in 2017, including removal of existing outfall
- Will submit application to construct up to 200+ new homes, a hotel, and additional commercial buildings by end of 2017

Environmental Remediation Update

- Spent \$7.7 MM in 2016 and completed all inwater work in January 2017
- Estimate \$7-8 MM of spending in 2017, the majority of which includes the completed project of transporting dredge materials to permanent landfill
- Begin long-term monitoring in 2018







Arborwood

- Approved in 2006 (undergoing revision now)
- 751 residential units
- Trail connection to Port Gamble
- 1 − 2 miles from Kingston ferry
- Phase I engineering to be completed in 2018
- Lot construction expected to start in 2019

Whitehorse
Golf Course
Community



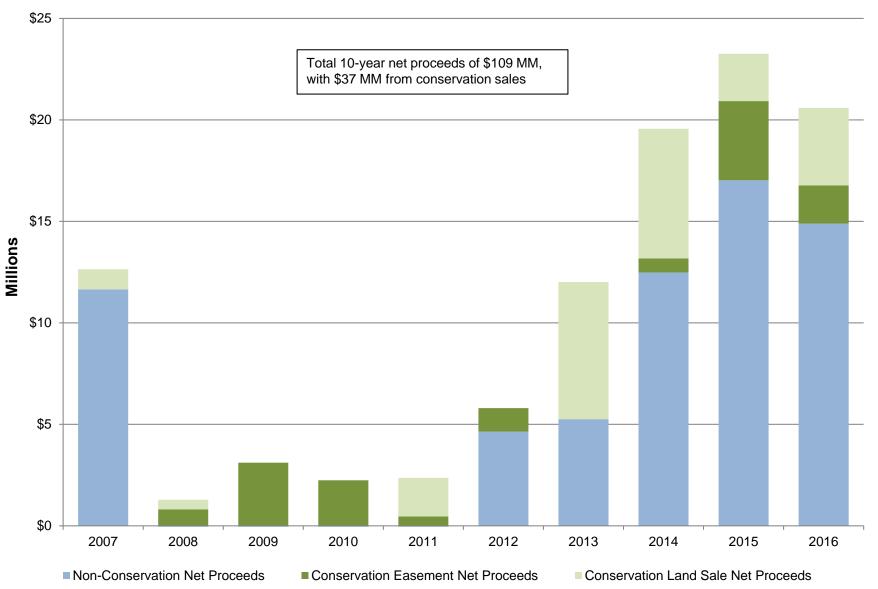
Bainbridge Landing

- Joint venture project consists of 107 apartments and 25 townhomes
- Walking distance to Bainbridge Island ferry, which takes 35 minutes to reach downtown Seattle
- Project capitalization
 - \$1.8 MM: POPE equity
 - \$5.9 MM: 3rd party equity raised by POPE
 - \$7.7 MM: JV Partner equity
 - \$25.5 MM: construction loan
- JV partner providing debt guarantee
- Construction loan closed December 2017





Real Estate Land Sale Net Proceeds







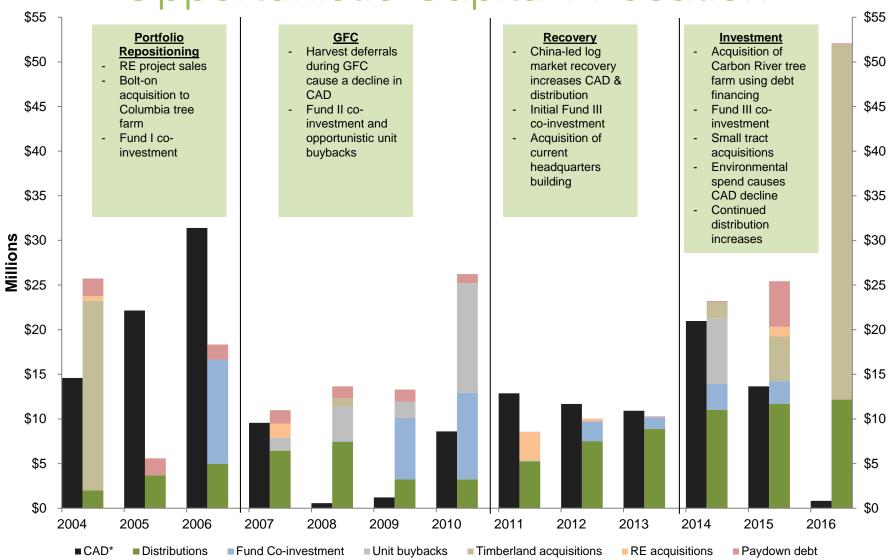
Financial Highlights

\$ in millions		2016			9/30/2017 YTD	
	Partnership	Consolidated	Look- through	Partnership	Consolidated	Look- through
Volume (MMBF)	57.8	97.3	62.8	38.7	77.9	43.4
Revenue	\$63.2	\$80.4	\$65.5	\$33.1	\$52.0	\$35.6
Net income	\$6.2	\$2.0	\$5.9	\$2.7	\$12.1	\$5.2
CF from Ops	\$1.6	\$5.1	\$2.1	\$7.4	\$28.6	\$11.1
Adjusted EBITDDA*	\$18.7	\$25.7	\$19.6	\$7.4	\$16.1	\$8.6
CAD*	\$0.5	\$3.2	\$0.8	(\$1.3)	\$5.6	\$(0.4)



^{*} See Appendix A for definition and reconciliation of non-GAAP Adjusted EBITDDA and CAD

Opportunistic Capital Allocation



*See Appendix A for definition and reconciliation of non-GAAP measure CAD



Takeaways

- 100% geographic focus on the PNW, the highest value timberland and most diverse log markets in North America
- Units offer opportunity to own real assets that generate attractive distribution yield
- MLP structure generates favorable after-tax returns for unitholders

APPENDIX A FINANCIALS





Pope Resources Balance Sheet

(in \$millions)				Septe	mber 30, 2017			
	A	В	С	B + C	D	A + B + C + D	- C	A + B + D
			Funds					Attrib. to
Assets	Partnership	Partnership	NCI	Total	Eliminations	Consolidated	NCI	Unitholders
Cash & cash equivalents	\$1.3	\$0.4	\$2.6	\$3.0		\$4.3	(\$2.6)	\$1.7
Land held for sale	9.5	-	-	-		9.5	-	9.5
Other current assets	3.6	0.1	1.4	1.5	(\$0.6)	4.5	(1.4)	3.1
Timber & roads, net	68.9	17.3	186.6	203.9		272.8	(186.6)	86.2
Timberlands	19.0	3.6	32.5	36.1		55.1	(32.5)	22.6
Land held for development	26.0	-	-	-		26.0	-	26.0
Buildings & equipment, net	5.4	-	-	-		5.4	-	5.4
Other assets	15.3	-	-	-	(14.1)	1.2	-	1.2
Total assets	\$149.0	\$21.4	\$223.1	\$244.5	(\$14.7)	\$378.8	(\$223.1)	\$155.7
Liabilities & Equity								
Current liabilities (excl. current								
portion of long-term debt)	\$7.4	\$0.2	\$2.3	\$2.5	(\$0.6)	\$9.3	(\$2.3)	\$7.0
Total debt (current and long-term)	83.0	7.1	50.2	57.3		140.3	(50.2)	90.1
Other liabilities	3.2	-	-	-		3.2	-	3.2
Total liabilities	93.6	7.3	52.5	59.8	(0.6)	152.8	(52.5)	100.3
Partners' capital	55.4	14.1	170.6	184.7	(14.1)	226.0	(170.6)	55.4
Total liabilities & partners' capital	\$149.0	\$21.4	\$223.1	\$244.5	(\$14.7)	\$378.8	(\$223.1)	\$155.7



Pope Resources Income Statement

(in \$millions)				Nine Month	s Ended Septer	mber 30, 2017			
	Α	В	С	B + C	D	A + B + C + D	- C	Е	A+B+D+E
			Funds				NCI	3rd Party	Attributable to
	Partnership	Partnership	NCI	Total	Eliminations	Consolidated	Reclass*	Fees**	Unitholders
Revenue	\$33.1	\$2.8	\$19.3	\$22.1	(\$3.1)	\$52.1	(\$19.3)	\$2.9	\$35.7
Cost of sales	(13.6)	(2.0)	(16.0)	(18.0)		(31.6)	16.0		(15.6)
Operating expenses	(15.2)	(0.6)	(4.8)	(5.4)	3.1	(17.5)	4.8	(\$2.9)	(15.6)
Gain (loss) on timberland sale	; -	2.5	10.0	12.5		12.5	(10.0)		2.5
Operating income	4.3	2.7	8.5	11.2	-	15.5	(8.5)	-	7.0
Net interest expense	(1.6)	(0.2)	(1.5)	(1.7)		(3.3)	1.5		(1.8)
Income tax expense	-	-	(0.1)	(0.1)		(0.1)	0.1		-
Net income	\$2.7	\$2.5	\$6.9	\$9.4	\$0.0	\$12.1	(\$6.9)	\$0.0	\$5.2
Noncontrolling interests (NCI)						(6.9)			
Net income attributable to un	itholders					\$5.2			\$5.2

^{*} Reclassifying the NCI portion of operations from the Funds to the appropriate income statement lines



^{**} Represents 80% of Fund II and 95% of Fund III fees paid by third party investors

Pope Resources Statement of Cash Flows

(in \$millions)		N	ine Months	Ended Sept	ember 30, 2017	• • •	
	A	В	С	B + C	A + B + C	- C	A + B
			Funds				Attrib. to
	Partnership	Partnership	NCI	Total	Consolidated	NCI	Unitholders
Cash flows from operating activities:							
Net income (loss)	\$2.7	\$2.5	\$6.9	\$9.4	\$12.1	(\$6.9)	\$5.2
Depletion	2.8	0.9	9.0	9.9	12.7	(9.0)	3.7
Depreciation and amortization	0.4	-	-	-	0.4	-	0.4
Basis of land sold	2.0	-	-	-	2.0	-	2.0
Capitalized development activities	(6.5)	-	-	-	(6.5)	-	(6.5)
(Gain) loss on sale of timberland	-	(2.5)	(10.0)	(12.5)	(12.5)	10.0	(2.5)
Equity based compensation, net of tax benefit	1.0	-	-	-	1.0	-	1.0
Environmental remediation cash spend	(6.2)	-	-	-	(6.2)	-	(6.2)
Changes in working capital	3.6	(0.1)	1.0	0.9	4.5	(1.0)	3.5
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	(\$0.2)	\$0.8	\$6.9	\$7.7	\$7.5	(\$6.9)	\$0.6
Cash flows from investing activities:							
Capital expenditures	(\$1.0)	(\$0.1)	(\$0.8)	(\$0.9)	(\$1.9)	\$0.8	(\$1.1)
Proceeds from sale of timberland	-	5.3	21.3	26.6	26.6	(21.3)	5.3
Investment in unconsolidated RE JV	(0.3)	-	-	-	(0.3)	-	(0.3)
Acquisition of timberland	(5.0)	-	-	-	(5.0)	-	(5.0)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(\$6.3)	\$5.2	\$20.5	\$25.7	\$19.4	(\$20.5)	(\$1.1)
Cash flows from financing activities:							
Line of credit borrowings	\$23.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$23.0	\$0.0	\$23.0
Line of credit repayment	(8.0)	-	-	-	(8.0)	-	(8.0)
Repayment of long-term debt	(5.1)	-	-	-	(5.1)	-	(5.1)
Unit repurchases	(0.6)	-	-	-	(0.6)	-	(0.6)
Distributions paid	(9.2)	(6.1)	(26.4)	(32.5)	(41.7)	26.4	(15.3)
Distributions received	6.1	-	-	-	6.1	-	6.1
Proceeds from capital call	-	0.1	0.9	1.0	1.0	(0.9)	0.1
Investment in timber fund	(0.1)	-	-	-	(0.1)	-	(0.1)
Other financing cash flows	(0.2)	-	-	-	(0.2)	-	(0.2)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	\$5.9	(\$6.0)	(\$25.5)	(\$31.5)	(\$25.6)	\$25.5	(\$0.1)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(\$0.6)	\$0.0	\$1.9	\$1.9	\$1.3	(\$1.9)	(\$0.6)
Cash, beginning of period	1.9	0.2	0.9	1.1	3.0	(0.9)	2.1
Cash, end of period	\$1.3	\$0.2	\$2.8	\$3.0	\$4.3	(\$2.8)	\$1.5

Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Measures

(in \$millions)		N	line Months	Ended Sept	ember 30, 2017		
	A	В	С	B + C	A + B + C	- C	A + B
			Funds				Attrib. to
	Partnership	Partnership	NCI	Total	Consolidated	NCI	Unitholders
Net income (loss)	\$2.7	\$2.5	\$6.9	\$9.4	\$12.1	(\$6.9)	\$5.2
Depletion	2.8	0.9	9.0	9.9	12.7	(9.0)	3.7
Depreciation and amortization	0.4	-	-	-	0.4	-	0.4
Interest expense, net	1.6	0.2	1.5	1.7	3.3	(1.5)	1.8
Income tax expense	-	-	0.1	0.1	0.1	(0.1)	-
EBITDDA	\$7.5	\$3.6	\$17.5	\$21.1	\$28.6	(\$17.5)	\$11.1
(Gain) loss on timberland sale		(2.5)	(10.0)	(12.5)	(12.5)	10.0	(2.5)
Adjusted EBITDDA	\$7.5	\$1.1	\$7.5	\$8.6	\$16.1	(\$7.5)	\$8.6
Net income (loss)	\$2.7	\$2.5	\$6.9	\$9.4	\$12.1	(\$6.9)	\$5.2
Depletion	2.8	0.9	9.0	9.9	12.7	(9.0)	3.7
Depreciation and amortization	0.4	-	-	-	0.4	-	0.4
Basis of land sold	2.0	-	-	-	2.0	-	2.0
Capitalized development activities	(6.5)	-	-	-	(6.5)	-	(6.5)
(Gain) loss on sale of timberland	-	(2.5)	(10.0)	(12.5)	(12.5)	10.0	(2.5)
Equity based compensation, net of tax benefit	1.0	-	-	-	1.0	-	1.0
Environmental remediation cash spend	(6.2)	-	-	-	(6.2)	-	(6.2)
Changes in working capital	3.6	0.1	0.8	0.9	4.5	(0.8)	3.7
Net cash provided by operating activities	(\$0.2)	\$1.0	\$6.7	\$7.7	\$7.5	(\$6.7)	\$0.8
Capital expenditures	(1.0)	(0.1)	(0.8)	(0.9)	(1.9)	0.8	(1.1)
Cash available for distribution (CAD)	(\$1.2)	\$0.9	\$5.9	\$6.8	\$5.6	(\$5.9)	(\$0.3)

Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Measures

Consolidated Adjusted EBITDDA by Segment

(in \$millions)	9/30/ 2017 YTD	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
Fee Timber	2017 110	2010	2013	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
Operating income - internal	\$22.9	\$13.7	\$11.1	\$41.6	\$13.9	\$10.1	\$14.9	\$8.4	\$2.9	\$6.0
Depletion	12.7	12.6	9.9	12.2	10.8	10.0	11.8	5.1	2.1	3.4
Depreciation and amortization	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.4	0.3
(Gain) loss on timberland sold	(12.5)	(1.0)	1.1	(23.8)			0.0	(0.2)		(0.1)
Adjusted EBITDDA - Fee Timber	\$23.2	\$25.6	\$22.4	\$30.4	\$25.0	\$20.4	\$27.0	\$13.5	\$5.4	\$9.6
Timberland Investment Managemen	t									
Operating income (loss) - internal	(\$0.2)	\$0.4	(\$0.7)	\$0.4	\$0.3	\$0.2	\$0.4	\$0.1	\$0.4	\$0.2
Depreciation and amortization	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1
Adjusted EBITDDA - TIM	(\$0.2)	\$0.4	(\$0.7)	\$0.4	\$0.3	\$0.2	\$0.4	\$0.1	\$0.4	\$0.3
Real Estate										
Operating income (loss) - internal	(\$2.9)	(\$3.4)	\$5.4	(\$2.6)	\$3.4	(\$11.0)	(\$0.3)	(\$0.7)	\$1.7	(\$1.4)
Depletion					0.5		0.1			0.5
Depreciation and amortization	0.2	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.8	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2
Environmental remediation expense	0.0	7.7	0.0	10.0	0.0	12.5	1.0	0.9	0.0	
Adjusted EBITDDA - Real Estate	(\$2.7)	\$4.7	\$5.7	\$7.7	\$4.2	\$2.3	\$1.1	\$0.4	\$1.9	(\$0.8)
General & Administrative										
Operating loss - internal	(\$4.2)	(\$5.1)	(\$5.1)	(\$3.9)	(\$4.7)	(\$4.2)	(\$4.2)	(\$4.7)	(\$3.7)	(\$4.0)
Depreciation and amortization	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2
Adjusted EBITDDA - G&A	(\$4.2)	(\$5.1)	(\$5.0)	(\$3.8)	(\$4.6)	(\$4.1)	(\$4.1)	(\$4.5)	(\$3.5)	(\$3.8)

Note: Due to rounding, components may not foot or sum to total Adjusted EBITDDA presented elsewhere.

Historical Harvest Volume, Financial Metrics

	9/30/17									
(in \$millions)	YTD	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
Volume (MMBF)										
Partnership	38.7	57.8	42.6	47.1	48.5	52.1	50.7	42.3	32.5	32.5
Consolidated	77.9	97.3	83.7	97.3	89.3	84.4	90.2	53.0	32.5	37.7
Attrib. to unitholders	43.4	62.8	48.2	54.5	56.4	58.5	58.6	44.4	32.5	33.5
Revenue										
Partnership	\$33.1	\$63.2	\$57.5	\$60.1	\$50.4	\$42.1	\$38.4	\$27.5	\$21.6	\$25.0
Consolidated	\$52.0	\$80.4	\$78.0	\$87.5	\$70.7	\$54.0	\$57.3	\$31.2	\$20.5	\$28.2
Attrib. to unitholders	\$35.6	\$65.5	\$60.4	\$64.5	\$54.6	\$45.1	\$42.3	\$28.3	\$21.4	\$25.8
Net income										
Partnership	\$2.7	\$6.2	\$11.2	\$7.5	\$13.3	(\$4.2)	\$8.7	\$2.3	(\$0.0)	\$1.4
Consolidated	\$12.1	\$2.0	\$7.5	\$31.9	\$11.7	(\$6.8)	\$8.9	\$0.8	(\$1.2)	\$0.1
Attrib. to unitholders	\$5.2	\$5.9	\$10.9	\$12.4	\$13.1	(\$4.7)	\$8.8	\$2.0	(\$0.3)	\$1.2
EBITDDA										
Partnership	\$7.4	\$11.8	\$14.2	\$11.8	\$17.4	\$1.3	\$13.9	\$6.3	\$3.8	\$4.9
Consolidated	\$28.6	\$19.0	\$21.3	\$48.4	\$24.8	\$6.3	\$23.5	\$7.5	\$2.6	\$5.0
Attrib. to unitholders	\$11.1	\$12.7	\$15.3	\$18.4	\$19.0	\$2.3	\$15.9	\$6.5	\$3.6	\$4.9
Adj EBITDDA*										
Partnership	\$7.4	\$18.7	\$14.2	\$21.8	\$17.4	\$13.8	\$14.9	\$8.4	\$5.3	\$5.4
Consolidated	\$16.1	\$25.7	\$22.4	\$34.6	\$24.8	\$18.8	\$24.4	\$9.4	\$4.1	\$5.4
Attrib. to unitholders	\$8.6	\$19.6	\$15.3	\$23.6	\$19.0	\$14.8	\$16.8	\$8.6	\$5.1	\$5.4

^{*} Adjusted EBITDDA defined as earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation, depletion, amortization, gain/loss on timberland sale, environmental remediation expense, financed debt extinguishment costs, and SLARS impairment.



Historical Financial Metrics

	9/30/17									
(in \$millions)	YTD	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
CF from ops										
Partnership	(\$0.3)	\$1 .6	\$14.3	\$20.8	\$10.8	\$12.1	\$12.4	\$8.0	\$1.3	\$1.6
Consolidated	\$7.4	\$5.1	\$20.2	\$30.8	\$17.9	\$16.2	\$21.7	\$9.0	\$0.7	\$4.0
Attrib. to unitholders	\$0.7	\$2.1	\$15.1	\$22.2	\$12.3	\$13.0	\$14.2	\$8.2	\$1.2	\$2.1
CAD*										
Partnership	(\$1.3)	\$0.5	\$13.1	\$19.7	\$9.7	\$11.0	\$11.2	\$8.5	\$1.4	\$0.2
Consolidated	\$5.6	\$3.2	\$17.6	\$28.5	\$15.7	\$14.2	\$19.7	\$9.3	\$0.6	\$2.2
Attrib. to unitholders	(\$0.4)	\$0.8	\$13.7	\$21.0	\$10.9	\$11.7	\$12.9	\$8.6	\$1.2	\$0.6
Cash										
Partnership	\$1.3	\$1.9	\$6.3	\$14.5	\$5.7	\$2.5	\$0.2	\$0.2	\$6.0	\$15.9
Consolidated	\$4.3	\$2.9	\$9.7	\$24.0	\$7.0	\$3.8	\$2.7	\$2.4	\$7.2	\$18.0
Attrib. to unitholders	\$1.7	\$2.0	\$6.6	\$16.4	\$5.9	\$2.7	\$0.7	\$0.7	\$6.3	\$16.3
Debt										
Partnership	\$83.0	\$73.1	\$27.4	\$32.4	\$32.7	\$32.8	\$34.8	\$50.4	\$29.4	\$29.4
Consolidated	\$140.3	\$130.4	\$84.7	\$89.7	\$75.7	\$43.8	\$45.8	\$50.5	\$29.5	\$29.6
Attrib. to unitholders	\$89.6	\$79.7	\$34.0	\$39.0	\$38.6	\$35.0	\$37.0	\$50.4	\$29.4	\$29.4
Distributions										
Dollars	\$9.2	\$12.2	\$11.7	\$11.0	\$8.9	\$7.5	\$5.3	\$3.2	\$3.2	\$7.4
\$ / unit	\$2.10	\$2.80	\$2.70	\$2.50	\$2.00	\$1.70	\$1.20	\$0.70	\$0.70	\$1.60

^{*} Cash Available for Distribution = Cash flow from operations, less maintenance capex (excludes timberland and building acquisitions and development capex already reflected in cash from op's), plus financed debt extinguishment costs.



APPENDIX B ADDITIONAL MATERIALS





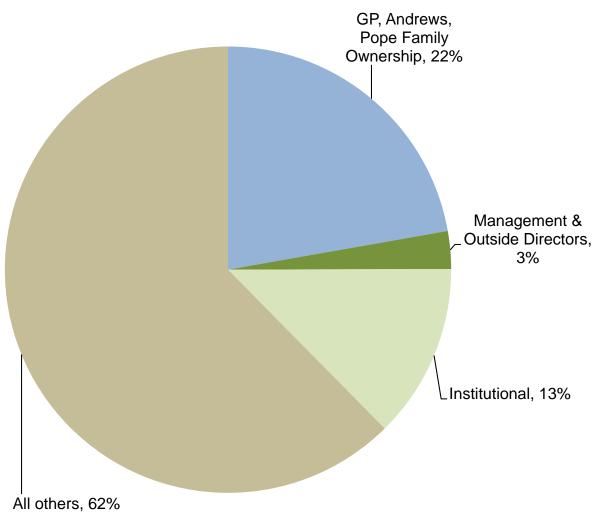
Ownership Detail

General Partners

- Two corporate GP's collectively own 1.4% of Pope Resources
- Each of the GP's are owned 50/50 by Pope and Andrews families
- \$150,000/year management fee, unchanged since spinoff

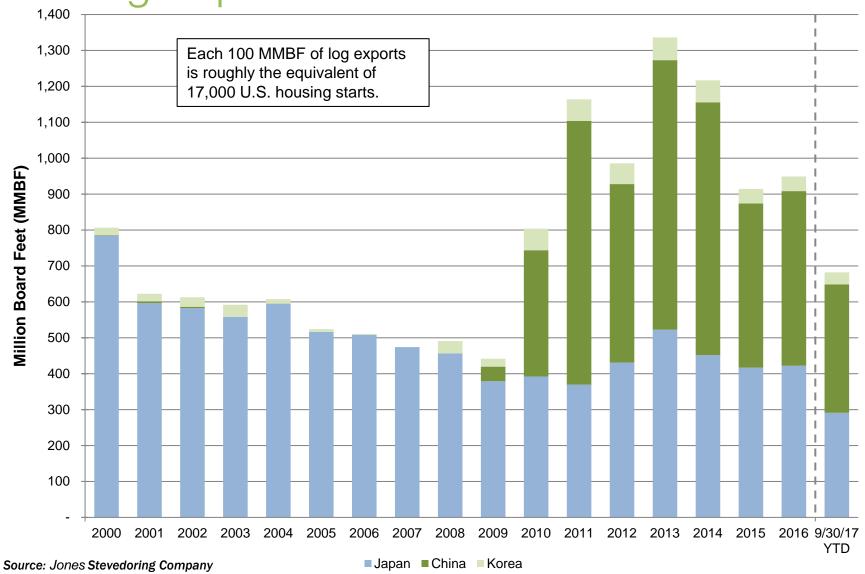
Limited Partners

- Family position at 22% (including GP interest)
- Management and outside directors at 3%
- Total institutional ownership of 13%
- 62% held by high net worth and retail investors





Log Exports from Pacific Northwest



Economies of Scale: Nominal Management Costs

- Placement of Fund I and II capital (2006-10) reduced per acre management costs
- Investments in processes and systems outpaced acres acquired with Fund III capital (2012-15)
- Following Mashel (4Q-15) and Carbon River (3Q-16) acquisitions, per acre management cost is now below level prior to launch of PE Timber business



Historical ORM Timber Fund Results

(Inception to September 30, 2017)

(in millions)		Third-party	
	POPE	investors	Total
Paid-in capital	\$38.0	\$284.8	\$322.7
Distributions from operations	7.2	39.1	46.4
Distributions from refinancings	2.9	11.7	14.5
Distributions from asset sales	19.3	75.8	95.1
Residual value	29.1	246.5	275.6
Carried interest*	9.4	0.0	9.4
IRR	9.4%	5.9%	6.5%

^{*} Carried interest is not paid to POPE until the investors have received, in cash, all of their paid-in capital plus a preferred return of 8.0% annualized. This is unlikely to happen until a timber fund's properties are sold and the proceeds are distributed to investors. \$9.4 million represents the carried interest that would have been due to POPE had the Fund II properties been sold on 9/30/17 at their appraised value. The Fund II term does not end until March 2021.



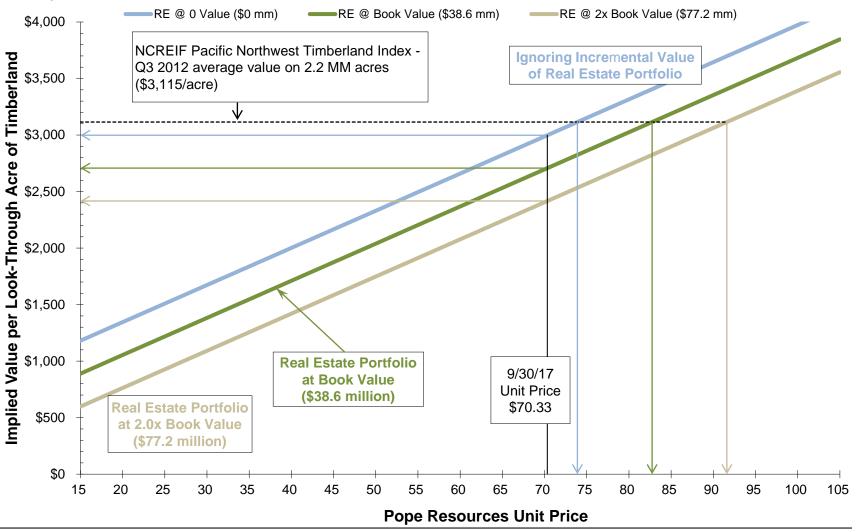
PNW Westside Transactions 2014-Current

Property	Seller	Buyer	Acres (000's)	Value (\$MM)	\$/Acre
2014					
OR - North Umpqua	FIA	Lone Rock Timber	7	· ·	
OR - Sixes	Plum Creek	Campbell Global	9	\$21	. ,
WA - Green River	ORM Timber Fund I	Conservation Forestry	15	\$39	. ,
OR - Deer Creek	HTRG	ORM Timber Fund III	13	\$72	\$5,58
WA - Mineral	ORM Timber Fund I	Sierra Pacific Industries	9	\$32	\$3,69
WA - Naselle	Conservation Forestry	Campbell Global	7	\$30	\$4,44
WA - Merrill Toutle	GMO	FIA	12	\$32	\$2,78
OR - Gravel Creek	Plum Creek	Campbell Global	8	\$29	\$3,74
OR - Salem	HTRG	Hampton Affiliates, Starker Forests	16	\$72	\$4,57
OR - Applegate	HTRG	Murphy	48	\$66	\$1,37
OR - Cow Creek	Fruit Growers	Umpqua Tribe	3	\$4	\$1,51
2015					
WA - Olympic Peninsula	Rayonier	Hoh River Trust	3	\$7	\$2,20
OR - Scappoose	BTG Pactual	Rayonier	6	\$34	\$6,10
WA - Murray Pacific	Murray Pacific	Sierra Pacific	54	\$189	\$3,50
WA - Nisqually	Conservation Forestry	Hampton Affiliates	13	\$52	\$4,10
WA - Mashel TWR	Conservation Forestry	Hampton Affiliates	5	\$25	\$4,96
WA - Snoqualmie	HTRG	Campbell Global	100	\$420	\$4,18
WA - Mashel	HTRG	ORM Timber Fund III	15	\$51	\$3,33
2016					
OR/WA - Menasha	Campbell Global	Rayonier	61	\$263	\$4,31
OR/WA - Menasha	Campbell Global	FIA	71	\$296	\$4,18
WA - Coastal	Rayonier	FIA	55	\$130	\$2,36
WA - Carbon River	HTRG	Pope Resources	7	\$32	\$4,35
WA - Willapa	HTRG	Greenwood Resources	8	\$31	\$3,73
WA - Wallace Falls	Campbell Global	Sierra Pacific Industries	12	\$52	\$4,49
WA - Cedar River	Green Diamond Resource Company	Conservation Forestry	18	\$53	\$3,00
OR - Rosboro	Rosboro	Campbell Global	93	\$341	. ,
2017					
OR - Rockaway	ORM Timber Fund II	Greenwood Resources	6	\$27	\$4,10
WA - Elkhorn	HTRG	Greenwood Resources	9	•	\$2,94
OR - Indian Hills	Indian Hills	HTRG	53	\$108	. ,
WA - Stewart Mountain	Non-industry	Conservation Forestry	15	\$41	. ,
WA - Tilton	FIA	BTG	12	•	\$3,62
4-Year Total			763	\$2,642	1 - / -

Source: ORM, Timberland Markets Report, ForestWeb, Public Announcements



Gap Between Public and Private Timberland Value



^{*}In Q4 2012 and Q1 2013, NCREIF added 1.2 MM acres of timberland east of the Cascades to the PNW index which significantly reduced the average value of the index and resulted in changing its name to the NW index. The Q3 2012 value, though dated, is a more relevant comparison to the Partnership's look-through timberland holdings.

